

Metropolitan Historical Commission Meeting Agenda

September 19, 2022 12:00 p.m.

Howard Office Building

Sonny West Conference Center 700 President Ronald Reagan Way

I. Call to Order and Welcome

Lynn Maddox, Chair

II. Approval of August Minutes

Lynn Maddox

III. VOTE: Historical Markers Review

Scarlett Miles

- Hank Snow's Rainbow Ranch
- Merritt House
- J.T. Patton/ Patton House
- Washington Jr. High School

IV. Guest Speaker: New South Associates

Lydia Simpson

• TOPIC: Cemetery Preservation Plan Grant Project

V. VOTE: Director's Pay Increase

Tim Walker

VI. Director's Report

Tim Walker

VII. Historic Zoning Report

Robin Zeigler

- VIII. Other Business
 - IX. Announcements
 - X. Adjourn

Metro Historical Commission
1113 Kirkwood Ave., Nashville, TN 37204

www.nashville.gov/mhc
historicalcommission@nashville.gov

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Hank Snow's Rainbow Ranch Sponsor: MHC priority list Location: 312 E Marthona Rd

Clarence Eugene "Hank" Snow (1914-1999) purchased this Madison home with his wife, Minnie, in 1950, shortly after his first appearance on the Grand Ole Opry. He was one of the first musicians in the United States to build and use a home studio. Snow's band, the Rainbow Ranch Boys, took its name from this three-acre property, also home to Snow's horse, Shawnee. Canadian born, Snow was elected to the Nashville Songwriters Hall of Fame in 1978 and the Country Music Hall of Fame in 1979.

Merritt House

Sponsor: Core Fund

Location: 441 Humphreys St

Gibson Merritt (1800-1873) came to Nashville around 1815 from North Carolina and worked as a farmer and cabinetmaker. Merritt married Sarah Rains (1793-1861) in 1828, and by 1850 he owned forty-four acres and eleven enslaved persons. By 1880, this two-story Italianate house was home to their son, state senator Alfred Gowen Merritt (1832-1908), and his wife, Caroline Donelson (1841-1922). The rear portion is a log cabin that may date to the 1780s and the Rains family.

John Thomas Patton 1884-1965

Sponsor: Jones Family Location: 1024 28th Ave N

The son of enslaved parents, J.T. Patton founded Patton Brothers Funeral Home in 1908 in Franklin, Tenn. His brothers—Jasper, Daniel, and George—joined him in business, and they expanded to Nashville in 1921. By the mid-1950s, Patton Brothers was the largest Black-owned and -operated funeral business in Middle Tennessee. Patton and wife Alice Otey's older son Thomas, a Fisk graduate and Tuskegee airman, headed the Franklin branch, and younger son Edward ran the Nashville headquarters.

Patton House (side 2)

In 1935 the Reverend John Thomas Patton (1884-1965) hired African American architects McKissack & McKissack to build this home. A community leader and well-respected businessman, Patton hosted meetings to gain equal access to civil and voting rights and education for African Americans. He served as president of the Nashville NAACP chapter (1937-41) and oversaw the move of Mt. Olive Missionary Baptist Church from downtown to North Nashville during the 1950s Capitol Hill Redevelopment.

Washington Junior High School Sponsor: Vanderbilt University Location: 24th Ave N and Morena St

Named for George E. Washington, former principal of Pearl Senior High School, this junior high school opened in 1928. Principals included J.A. Galloway, Braxton Murrell, Clarence Austin and Isaiah Suggs. Students enjoyed a broad curriculum and had student-teachers from Fisk and Tennessee A&I State Universities. The school was razed in the mid-1980s for Pearl-Cohn Entertainment Magnet School. Its alumni include many significant members of Nashville's African American community.